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## **GETTING READY FOR SCHOOL**

By Michael Lynch, 18 January 2016



Issues regarding school enrolment and getting children ready for school can often ignite disagreement and disputes between parents who are separated or divorced. Where the channels of communication have broken down, it is commonly the case that schools are called on by parents to be the facilitator or arbiter of their dispute. You should be aware however that it is not the schools responsibility to act as a facilitator in disputes, irrespective of whether there are Family Court orders in place.

### **Parental Responsibility**

What some parents do not realise (or accept) is that decisions regarding a childs current and future education, religion and changing their childs name are all major long term decisions which ordinarily need to be made jointly by both parents.



The Family Law Act provides a presumption that both parents have shared parental responsibility, which includes jointly making decisions about major long term issues. When the Court makes a parenting Order, the starting point is that both parents have <u>equal</u> shared parental responsibility. This is not to be confused with the determination that the Court must then make in regards to whether the <u>time</u> that the child spends with each parent should be, equal time or significant and substantial time.

The shared parental responsibility presumption will exist <u>unless</u> the Court is satisfied that it should not, or a statutory exception exists, i.e. one of the parents is found to have abused the child, or has been the perpetrator of Family Violence. If the exception applies, then the Court will usually make an order granting sole parental responsibility over major long term issues to the other parent.

#### **Enrolment**

Decisions to remove a child from and/or enrol a child in a school, serious behavioural problems (eg. suspensions and expulsions), and academic achievement are all examples of major long term issues relating to a childs education which should be considered jointly by both parents (absent an Order for sole parental responsibility).

If you sign an enrolment contract at a school unilaterally, without the other parents involvement or consent and the matter later comes before the Court, your action in doing so may seriously affect your credibility in the Courts eyes. The Court considers such action demonstrates a lack of willingness and ability to involve the other parent in the childs upbringing and facilitate the relationship between the child and the other parent.

In addition, you should be aware that if only one parent signs the Enrolment Application, the schools contractual relationship is only wire that parent. This means the school will generally be unable to look to the other parent for payment of the tuition fees (irrespective of ar oral/informal agreement between the parents about fees).

On the other hand, if you are the parent who is refusing to agree for a child to attend a particular school, it is also important to note that a school is not precluded from accepting the enrolment of the child simply because only one parent signed the application. It is not a matter for schools to ensure that parents comply with their obligations of parental responsibility under Family Law.

#### **Access to School Information**

It is important to be aware that, generally speaking the resident parent will receive information from the school such as student reports student photographs and other documents regarding the child. If communication between separated parents has deteriorated, commonly such information is not passed onto the non-resident parent.

In such cases, it is appropriate for parents to request that the childs school provide to the non-resident parent a copy of the childs repc cards, newsletters or any other written report in respect of the child. By ensuring that the school itself is the conduit of information, you are likely to avoid future conflict between parents who have not passed on or relayed information appropriately. Be aware that the school may render an administrative charge for duplicating information, which should ordinarily be shared, failing which the school is likely to request that it be paid by the non-resident parent requiring the duplicates.

However, if there is a specific order for one parent to have <u>sole</u> parental responsibility, the school is not obligated to, and will not, provide the other parent with access to school information in respect of the child *unless* they have a written authority from the parent who has sole parental responsibility.

### **Changing a Childs Name**

It is also very important to be aware that changing a childs name is a major long-term issue which needs to be made jointly by both parents.

If you change your childs name unilaterally, for example when you enrol a child at a school, without the other parents consent, and the other parent brings the matter before the Court, your unilateral decision will also seriously affect your credibility in the Courts eyes.

Be aware that the Court does not make orders changing a childs name lightly and only do so after consideration of a number of factors which are designed to determine the best interests of a child.

#### Conclusion

It is important to try and discuss the above issues with the other parent well in advance of the school year commencing so that, if agreement is not reached, you have sufficient time to seek independent legal advice from a specialist Family Law solicitor regarding what steps you should take moving forward.

Always remember it is not the schools responsibility to try be a facilitator in a dispute, interpret or decipher Family Court orders, or to act as a policeman and judge when parents disagree about matters pertaining to their childs education.

# **ABOUT MICHAEL LYNCH**



Michael has practiced for over 25years, specialising in **Family Law and De Facto Relationship Law**. He is well recognised and respected as one of Queenslands leading **Family Law Specialists** and has extensive experience in complex Family Law matters, including **Property Settlement** Childrens matters.

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